



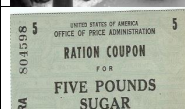




















## World War II Vocabulary Guide

	Word	Definition
	<b>Adolf Hitler (person)</b>	German leader of the Nazi party during the Second World War
	<b>air raid (noun)</b>	a bombing attack where explosives are dropped from aircraft onto the ground
	<b>air raid siren (noun)</b>	a loud alarm, warning resident to take cover in shelters when air raids occur
	<b>air raid shelter (noun)</b>	a place designed or repurposed so that residents can hide inside while air raids occur
	<b>Allies (noun)</b>	the group of countries who fought against Germany, Italy and Japan in the second World War
	<b>allotment (noun)</b>	a small piece of land used for growing flowers, fruit and vegetables
	<b>Battle of Britain (noun)</b>	the prolonged bombardment of British cities by the German Luftwaffe and the aerial combat that accompanied it
	<b>black market (noun)</b>	illegal trade of anything which is rare or precious e.g. extra rations

	<b>blackout (noun)</b>	a time when all lights must be turned off or covered to make it harder for the enemy to see their target during an air raid
	<b>billets (noun)</b>	places, often in people's homes where soldiers stay for a while
	<b>Blitz (noun)</b>	a severe or sudden attack; the German air raids on Britain in 1940 - 1
	<b>conscription (noun)</b>	a requirement by law for every eligible citizen to join the armed forces
	<b>coupons (noun)</b>	a small ticket with which one paid for rations of food during war time
	<b>doodlebugs (noun)</b>	a nickname for the V-1 flying bomb used by Germany in the Second World War
	<b>evacuee (noun)</b>	a young person sent to live with a host family during wartime
	<b>evacuation (noun)</b>	the process of sending young people to live with host families during war time
	<b>gas mask (noun)</b>	a protective mask worn over a person's face to help the breathe without inhaling poisonous
	<b>host family (noun)</b>	a family living in a rural or remote area with a space for an evacuee to stay during war time

	<b>Jerry (noun)</b>	a common nickname for Germans during the Second World War
	<b>locomotive (noun)</b>	a vehicle used for pulling trains along railway tracks
	<b>Luftwaffe (noun)</b>	the German air force during the Second World War
	<b>Morse code (noun)</b>	an alphabet in which letters are represented by combinations of long and short signals
	<b>navy (noun)</b>	the branch of the armed forces which operates at sea
	<b>rationing (noun)</b>	allowing each person to have a limited amount of certain foods or commodities that are in short supply
	<b>ration book (noun)</b>	a document that lists the rations that each person should receive
	<b>Royal Air Force (noun)</b>	the United Kingdom's aerial warfare force
	<b>shillings (noun)</b>	a British coin equal to twelve pence, or one twentieth of an old pound
	<b>spitfire (noun)</b>	a British fighter plane used throughout the Second World War

	<b>telegram (noun)</b>	a message sent by telegraph and the delivered in written form by a messenger
	<b>warden (noun)</b>	a member of the community responsible for enforcing wartime rules
	<b>Winston Churchill (person)</b>	prime minister of the United Kingdom from 1940 -1945